Participating Organizations

Alliance for a Living Ocean American Littoral Society Arthur Kill Coalition Asbury Park Fishing Club Bayberry Garden Club shore Saltwater Flyrodders Belford Seafood Co-op Belmar Fishing Club Beneath The Sea Bergen Save the Watershed Action Network Shores Homeowners Civic Association Cape May Environmental Commission Central Jersey Anglers Citizens Conservation Council of Ocean County Clean Air Campaign

Coalition Against Toxics Coalition for Peace & Justice Coastal Jersey Parrot Head Club Coast Alliance Communication Workers of America, Local 1034 Concerned Businesses of COA Concerned Citizens of Bensonhurst Concerned Citizens of COA

Concerned Citizens of UOIA
Concerned Citizens of Montauk
Dosil's Sea Roamers
Eastern Monmouth Chamber of Commerce
Environmental Response Network
Explorers Dive Club
Fisheries Defense Fund
Fishermen's Dock Cooperative Fisher's Island Conservance Friends of Island Beach State Parl Friends of Island Beach State Park Friends of Liberty State Park Friends of Long Island Sound Friends of the Boardwalk Garden Club of Englewood Garden Club of Fair Haven Garden Club of Long Beach Island Garden Club of Morristown

Garden Club of Navesink Garden Club of Navesink Garden Club of New Jersey Garden Club of New Vernon Garden Club of Oceanport Garden Club of Princeton Garden Club of Ridgewood Garden Club of Rumsor Garden Club of Short Hills Garden Club of Shrewsbur Garden Club of Shrewsbury
Garden Club of Syning Lake
Garden Club of Washington Valley
Great Egg Harbor Watershed Association
Greater Point Pleasant Charter Boat Association
Hi-Mar Striper Club
Hi-ghlands Business Partnership Highlands Chamber of Commerce

Hudson River Fishermen's Association/NJ Interact Clubs of Rotary International Jersey Coast Shark Anglers Jersey Shore Audubon Society Jersey Shore Captains Association Jersey Shore Running Club Junior League of Monmouth County Junior League of Summi Junior League of Summit Kiwanis Club of Manasquan Kiwanis Club of Shadow Lake Village rdo Party & Pleasure Boat Association Leonardo Tax Payers Association Main Street Wildwood

Main Street Wildwood
Marine Trades Association of NJ
Monmouth Conservation Foundation
Monmouth County Association of Realtors
Monmouth County Audubon Society
Monmouth County Friends of Clearwater
Montauk Fisherman's Emergency Fund
National Coalition for Marine Conservation
National Coalition for Marine Conservation Natural Resources Protective Association Natural Resources Protective Association
Navesink River Municipalities Committee
Newcomers Club of Monmouth County
NJ Beach Buggy Association
NJ Commercial Fishermen's Association
NJ Council of Dive Clubs
NJ Environmental Federation
NJ Environmental Lobby

NJ Marine Educators Association NJ Marine Educators Association NJ PIRG Girizen Lobby NJ Sierra Club NJ Windsurfing Association Nottingham Hunting & Fishing Club NYC Sea Gypsies NY/NJ Baykeeper NY Marine Educators Association

Ocean Advocates Ocean Conservancy Ocean County Citizens for Clean Water

Ocean Wreck Divers
Outreach/First Presbyterian Church of Rumson
Picatinny Saltwater Sportsmen Club
Raritan Bay Anglers Club Raritan Riverkeeper

Rantan Riverkeeper
Riverside Drive Association
Rotary Club of Long Branch
Saint George's by the River Church, Rumson
Saltwater Anglers of Bergen County
Sandy Hook Bay Catamaran Club
Save Barnegat Bay
Save the Ray Save the Bay SEAS Monmouth

SEAS Monmouth
Seaweeders Garden Club
Shark River Cleanup Coalition
Shark River Surf Anglers
Shark River Surf Anglers
Sheepshead Bay Fishing Fleet Association
Shore Adventure Club
Shore Surf Club
Sierra Club, Shore Chapter

Sorroptimist Club of Cape May County
South Monmouth Board of Realtors
Staten Island Friends of Clearwater
Strathmere Fishing & Environmental Club
Surfers' Environmental Alliance
Surfinder Foundation, Jersey Shore Chapter
TACK I Terra Nova Garden Club

nitarian Universalist Congregation of Mon. County
United Boatmen of NY/Ny)
United Boatmen of NY/Ny)
Volunteer Friends of Boaters
Waterspiri
Women's Club of Brick Township
Women's Club of Koneter Women's Club of Keyport Women's Club of Long Branch Women's Club of Merchantville

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Clean Ocean Action



Ocean Advocacy Since 1984

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January 17, 2004

Lieutenant Colonel Robert J. Ruch District Engineer, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Philadelphia District Wanamaker Building 100 Penn Square East Philadelphia, Pennsylvania 19107-3390

Ruth Ehinger Manager, Office of Policy, Planning and Science Department of Environmental Protection 401 E. State St. PO Box 418 Trenton, NJ 08625-0418

Submitted via FACSIMILLE

Comments on the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection's, Re: Division of Fish and Wildlife, application (No. CENAP-OP-R-2004001135-1) for a Department of the Army permit for the deployment of artificial reef materials at 14 artificial reef sites and a new proposed site along the coast of New Jersey

Dear Lieutenant Colonel Ruch and Ms. Ehinger;

Clean Ocean Action submits comments on the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection's, Division of Fish and Wildlife, application (No. CENAP-OP-R-2004001135-1) for a Department of the Army permit for the deployment of artificial reef materials at 14 artificial reef sites and one proposed site along the coast of New Jersey. Clean Ocean Action (COA) has reviewed the Public Notice as well as the application materials, which were provided under our Freedom of Information Act request that was received on January 18, 2005. COA strongly urges the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (the "Corps") to deny the permit application based on extensive deficiencies in the application. Artificial reefs can provide habitat for marine life when appropriately sited and managed.

In sum, COA's concerns regarding the permit are as follows.

1. The list of "materials of opportunity" are outdated and do not reflect current New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection Policy

- 2. The applicant has not adequately shown that the proposed work would not affect listed species or their critical habitat pursuant to Section 7 of the Endangered Species Act.
- 3. The application does not adequately address the requirements of the New Jersey Coastal Management Program.

These concerns are discussed in detail below:

- 1. The list of Materials of Opportunity are outdated and do not reflect New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection's (NJ DEP) Policy Directive 2003-02 or Sept. 2004 NJ "Draft Artificial Reef Management Plan"
 - a. Obsolete subway cars should be removed from the list of material of opportunity. NJ DEP Commissioner Brad Campbell issued Policy Directive 2003-02, in April 2003, which placed an 8-year moratorium on the placement of subway cars and certain other artificial reef materials. There is no mention of the Directive in either the PN or the permit application. In addition to the moratorium the Directive also includes:
 - i. The formation of the Technical Reef Advisory Committee to monitor the 250 subway cars already deployed to determine whether they are appropriate materials of opportunity. Monitoring will include information on asbestos impacts, durability and stability, and fish usage.
 - ii. The requirement that all future artificial reef materials, including materials of opportunity, MUST:
 - 1. be pollution free
 - 2. be limited to thick, dense materials
 - 3. meet a standard of "retaining a minimum of 90% of original structural integrity for 30 or more years"
 - iii. The following materials are the only materials that are automatically deemed to meet the above listed standards:
 - 1. Ships/barges
 - 2. Dredged rock/rock
 - 3. Cast concrete forms, pipes, slabs and block
 - 4. Structural steel exceeding 0.25 inches thick
 - 5. Obsolete military vehicles
 - 6. Manufactured reef habitats made of concrete and steel.
 - b. Curiously, the ACOE application included over 25 pages of subway car related correspondence dated between 2000 and 2001 this information should be deleted from the record as it is irrelevant to the proposed application. Should the ACOE determine these documents are relevant to the application, please provide COA with a detailed justification.
 - c. Concrete-ballasted tires should to be removed from the list of material of opportunity:
 - i. NJ DEP discontinued the use of tires as reef material in 1998, "... after DEP discontinued the use of tires in 1998, all county tire reef programs were terminated."

¹ New Jersey's Sept. 2004 updated "Draft Artificial Reef Management Plan, Page 53, Section 5.4.5

- ii. The document clearly states NJ DEP has rejected the appropriateness of tires as Artificial Reef material "Lightweight materials, such as wood, fiberglass and tires, are unacceptable and are no longer used to build reefs."²
- 111. Later in the document, they specifically state that auto tires are not used and have a potential to introduce chemical compounds into the marine environment. "The use of manmade materials, such as <u>auto tires (not used</u> anymore), plastic (not used), concrete debris and ships, to construct reefs opens the potential for introducing chemical compounds into the marine environment."
- d. Ocean Communications Cables (listed in Attachment B of the permit application) should be removed from the list of material of opportunity. In COA's comments to NJ DEP on the Draft Artificial Reef Plan (submitted 12/06/04), COA questioned the appropriateness of using obsolete telecommunication cables as reef materials as there are several concerns about these materials (100' diameter piles of cable 3' to 10' in profile). Cables clearly do not meet the specific conditions developed by NI DEP and are therefore not appropriate artificial reef material.
 - A study analyzing failures of ocean communications cable cited commercial fishing operations as the most significant hazard to the cables resulting in damage⁴. On their own, these cables may be resistant to deterioration, but many of the older ones have already sustained significant damage while in place. These cables can contain contaminants such as copper wire cores, coal-tarred hemp or polyethylene plastic coverings and lead based stabilizers.
 - The New Jersey Plan clearly states that environmentally hazardous ii. material should not be used ⁵ and plastic materials should not be used⁶:
- 2. Section 7 of the Endangered Species Act (ESA) requires a NOAA/NMFS consultation:
 - a. The PN states, "A preliminary review of this application indicates that the proposed work would not affect listed species or their critical habitat pursuant to Section 7 of the Endangered Species Act as amended." A preliminary review is inadequate. Section 7(a)2 of the ESA requires all Federal agencies to ensure their actions are not likely to jeopardize the continued existence of any endangered or threatened species. It is our understanding that your office has not yet requested a formal consultation with NOAA/NMFS as is required in Section 7 of the ESA. COA requests copies of any documents associated with the NOAA/NMFS consultation.
 - b. It has been reported that sea turtles become entangled in monofilament line that collects on some of the artificial reef material approved for New Jersey's program. This contradicts the applicant's statement #2.d. in the "Comments to Environmental Impact Check List", "... reefs would have no effects on reptiles". It is important that effects (or lack of) of reefs on marine mammals, birds, and reptiles are adequately investigated and if adverse effects are determined, NOAA/NMFS should recommend permit conditions to eliminate entanglement or other adverse effects.

³ New Jersey's Sept. 2004 updated "Draft Artificial Reef Management Plan, Page 80, Section 4,1st ¶

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² New Jersey's Sept. 2004 updated "Draft Artificial Reef Management Plan Page 66, 2nd ¶

⁴ A. J. Munitz. 1966. Analyzing Failures of Ocean Communications Cable. Undersea Technology 7: 45-49

⁵ New Jersey's Sept. 2004 updated "Draft Artificial Reef Management Plan, Page 6, Section 7 (C)

⁶ New Jersey's Sept. 2004 updated "Draft Artificial Reef Management Plan, Page 69, Section 6.2.7, 2nd Sentence and Page 81, 5th ¶, 1st Sentence

3. Section 307(c) of the Coastal Zone Management Act requires that applicant's for Federal licenses or permits that conduct an activity affecting land or water uses in a State's coastal zone must provide certification that the activity complies with the State's Coastal Zone Management Program. Additionally, any such certification by the state must reflect current state policies that stipulate requirements contained in the New Jersey Policy Directive 2003-02. The application does not contain information relating to such state certification; therefore, the application is incomplete.

COA believes the activities proposed in the application do not adequately address the requirements of the New Jersey Coastal Management Program, specifically that construction of artificial reefs is conditionally acceptable provided that at the time of deployment, and at all times after creation, various conditions are met, including: the reef materials shall not pose a threat to the marine environment, shall not be toxic, and shall not be hazardous (NJAC 7:7E-4.21(c)). The use obsolete subway cars are currently under an 8-year moratorium. Once conclusive results of these studies are completed, a determination can be made as to the compliance with this section of the state Coastal Zone Management Program.

As you are aware, 33 C.F.R. 322.5 requires that the District Engineer "review the applicant's provisions for siting, constructing, monitoring, operating, maintaining, and managing the proposed artificial reef and shall determine if those provisions are consistent" with various standards, including, in relevant part, "the minimization of environmental risks and risks to personal health and property." If the applicant's provisions are not consistent with these standards, the District Engineer shall deny the permit.

In conclusion, based on all the above points, the information submitted by the applicant is inconsistent with the applicable standards, insufficient, and in some cases, incorrect; therefore, the permit application should be denied. A written response to these comments is requested.

Sincerely,

Cindy Zipf
Executive Director

Jennifer Samson, Ph.D. Principal Scientist Nicole Simmons Water Policy Analyst

cc: open letter